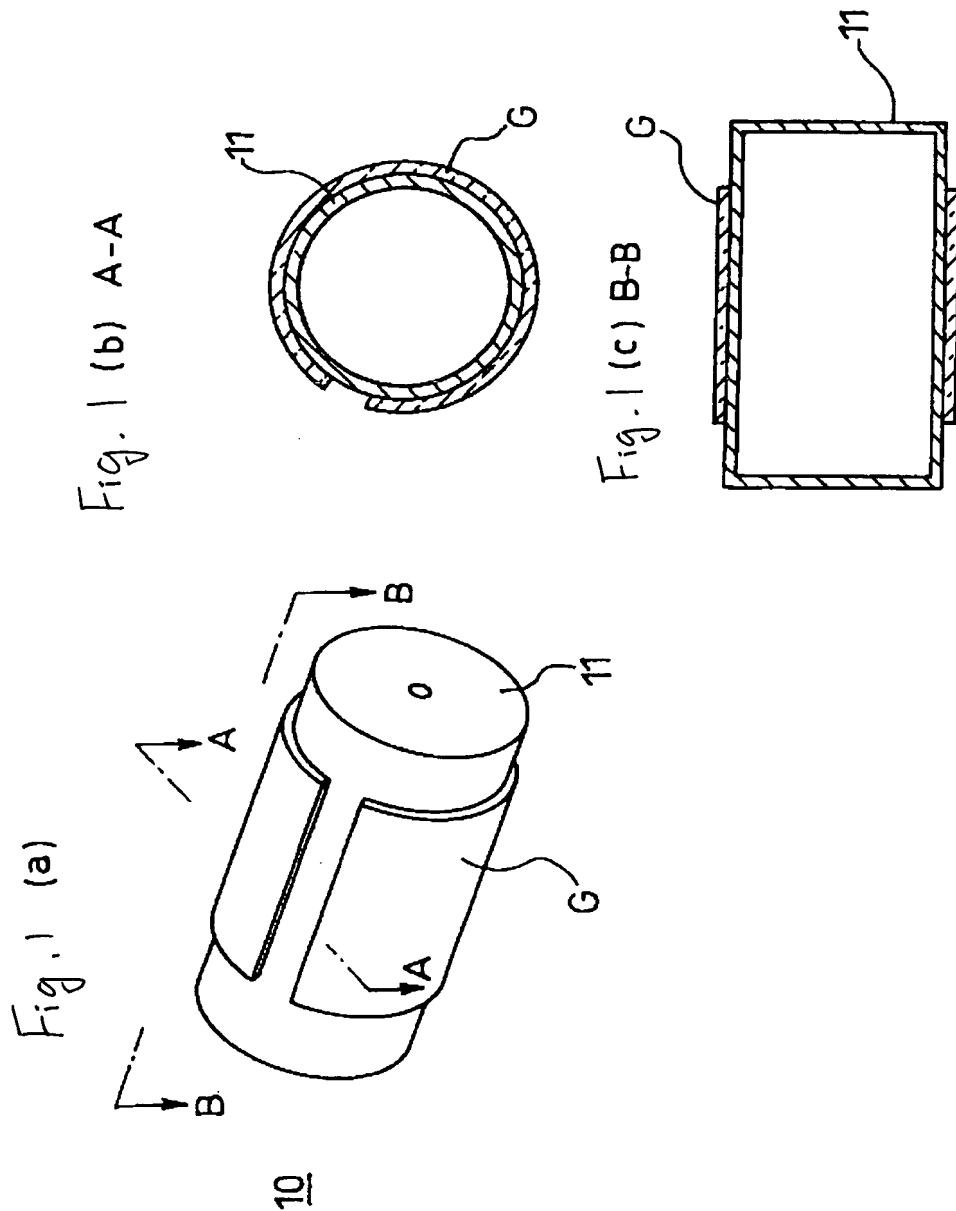
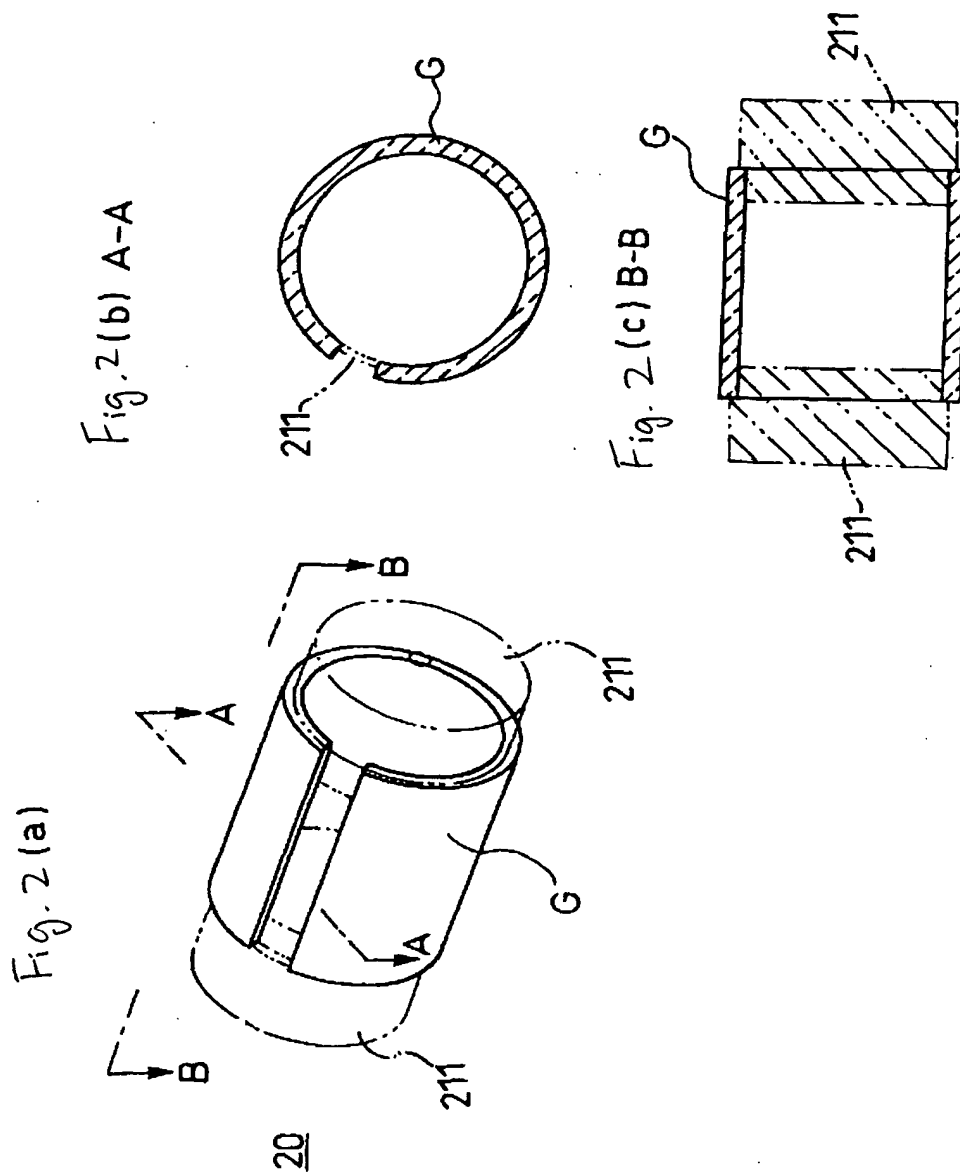


【書類名】 図面

【図1】



【図 2】



【~~図~~3】

Fig. 3 (a)

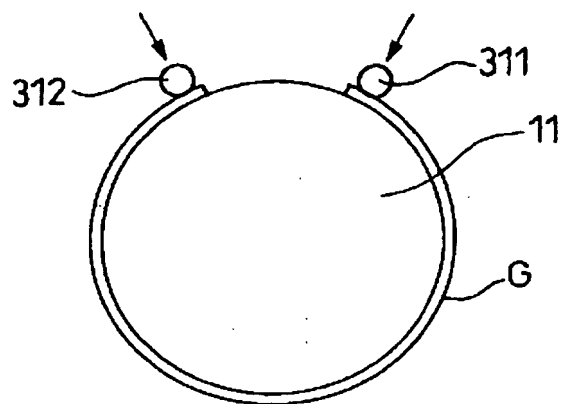
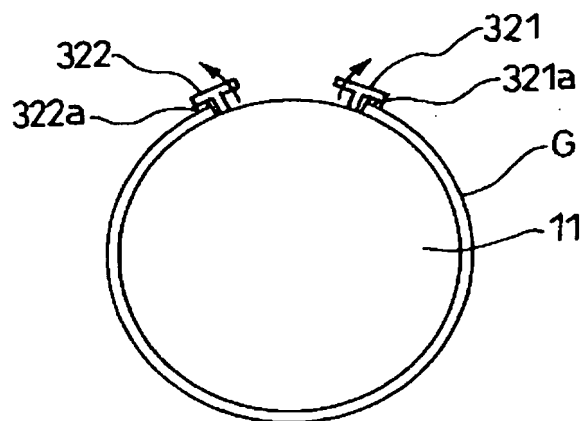


Fig. 3 (b)



【図 4】

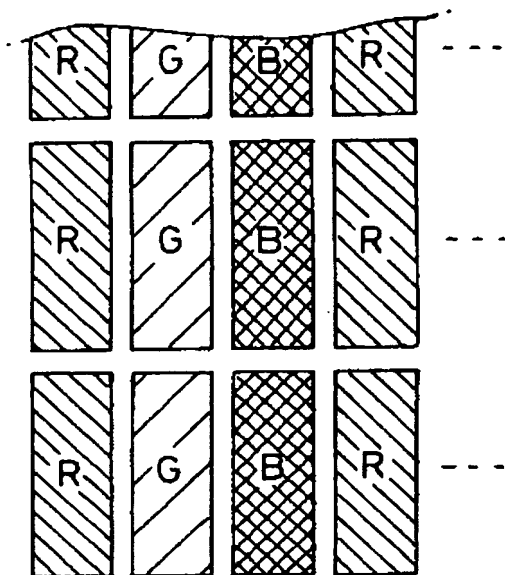


Fig. 4

【図 5】

Permissible Stress		Float Plate Glass	Glass with Double Strength	Tempered Glass
許容応力 Mpa		フロート板ガラス [m]	倍強度ガラス [m]	強化ガラス [m]
厚さ m Thickness	0.0011	R=2.18	1.12	0.50
	0.0007	R=1.39	0.71	0.32
	0.0005	R=0.99	0.51	0.23
	0.0004	R=0.79	0.41	0.18
	0.0002	R=0.40	0.20	0.09
	0.0001	R=0.20	0.10	0.05
	0.00005	R=0.10	0.05	0.02

Fig. 5

【図 6】

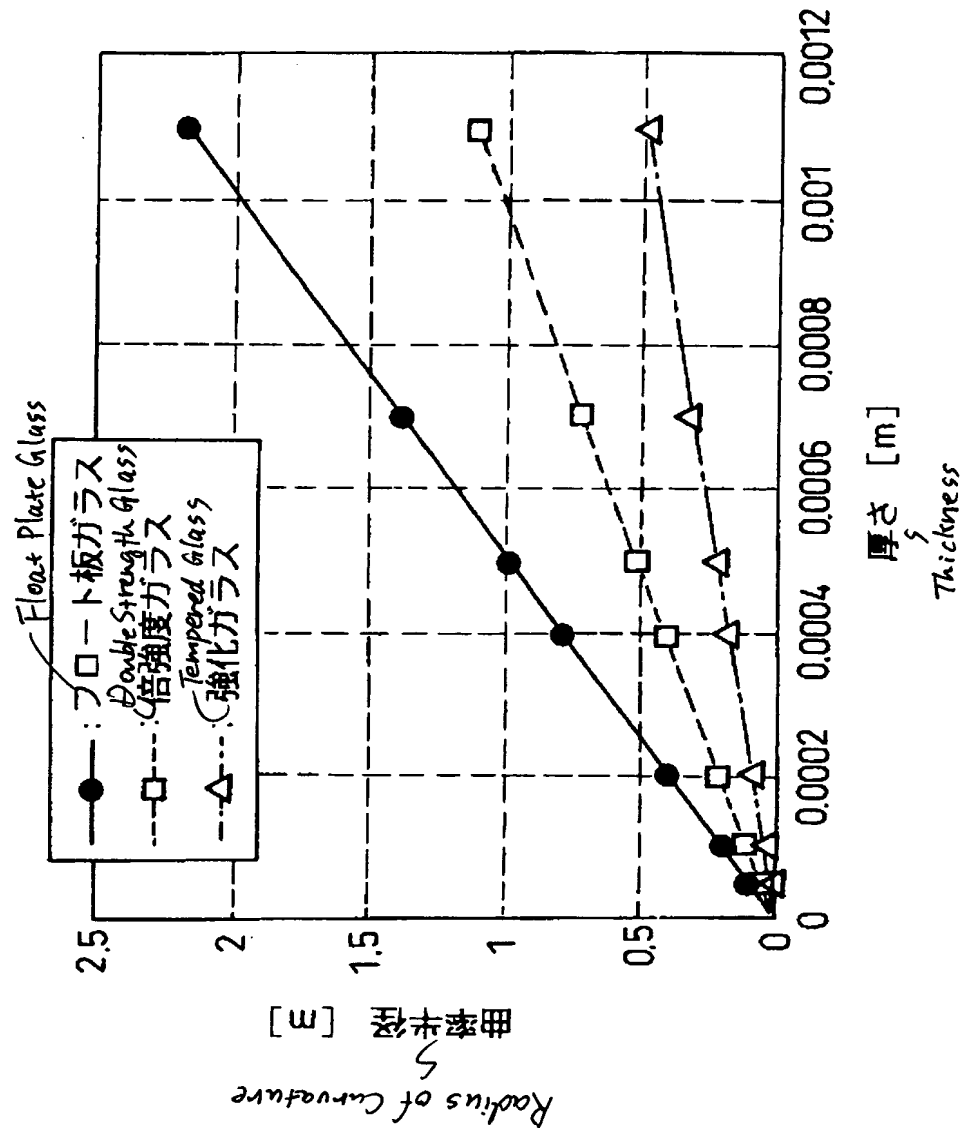
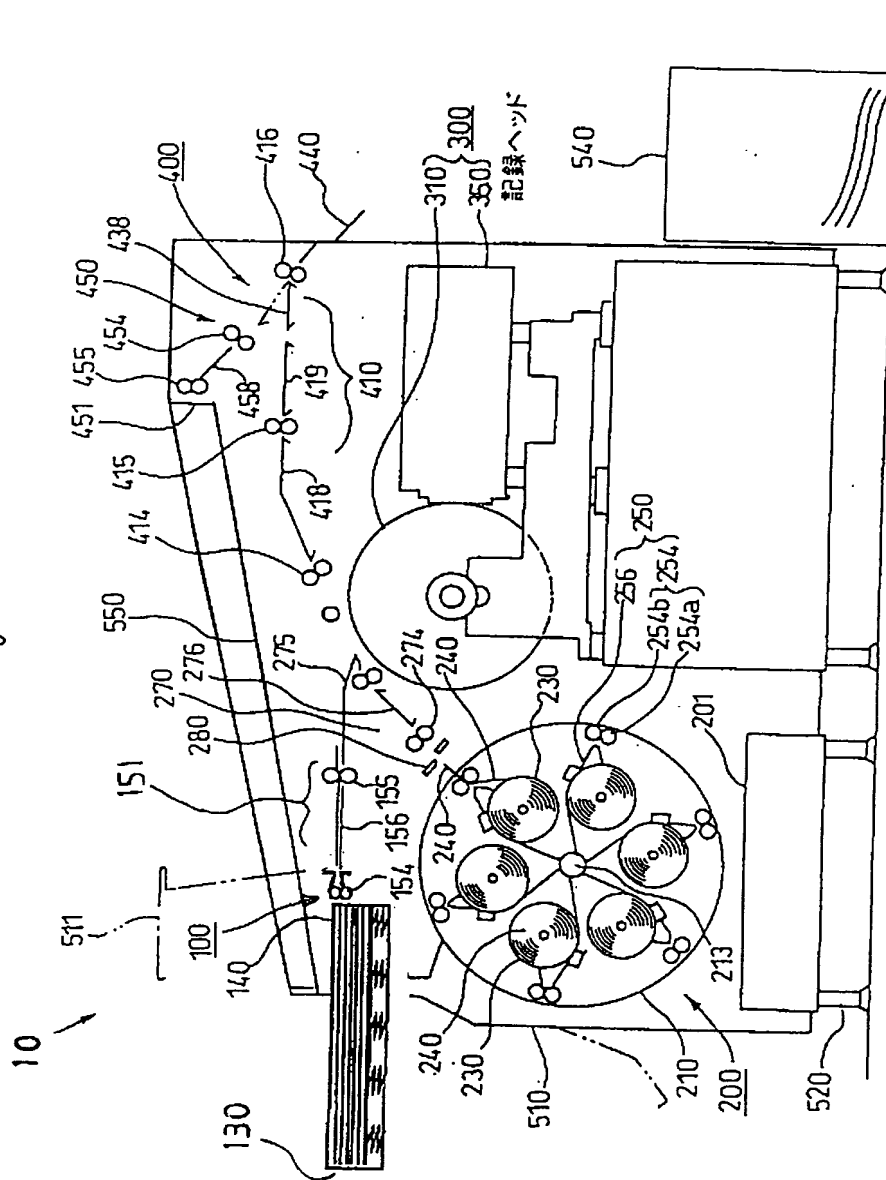


Fig. 6

【図 7】

Fig. 7



【図 8】

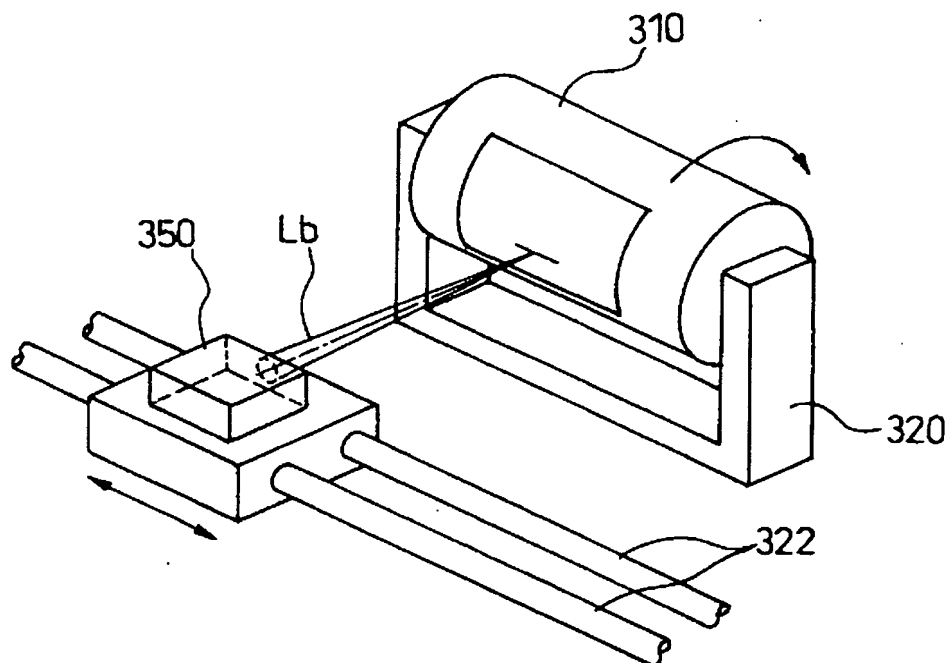


Fig. 8

【図9】

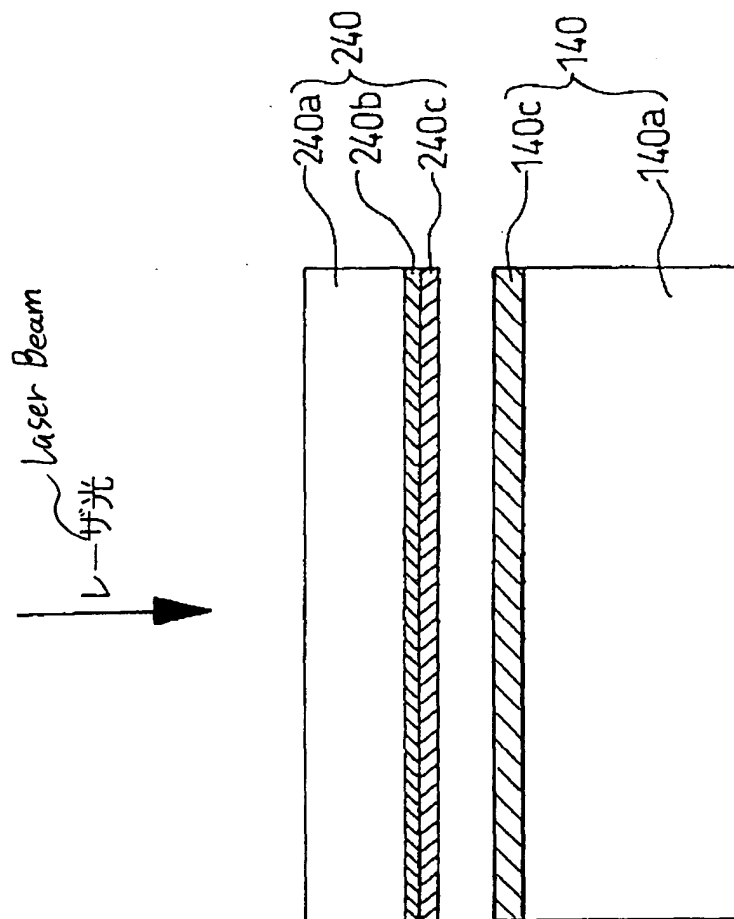
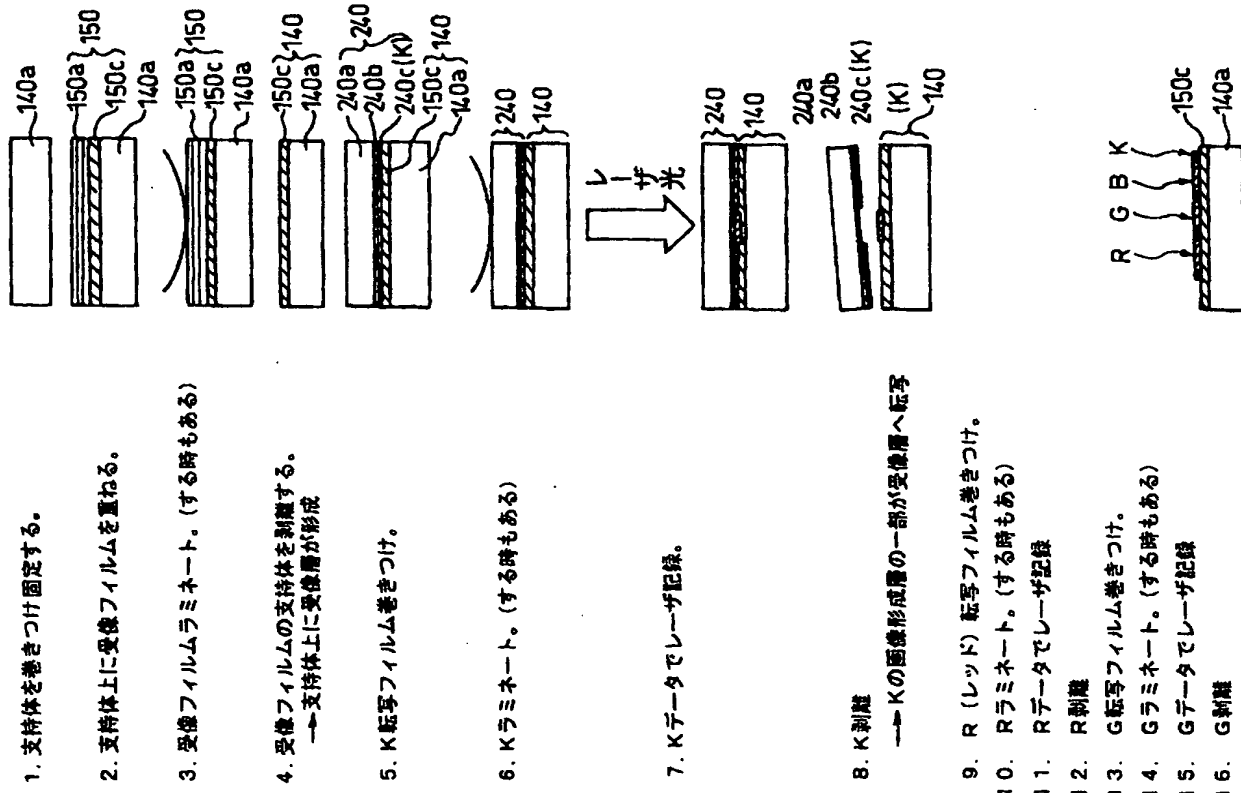


Fig. 9



Fig. 10

1. Wind and fix a support member.
2. Superpose an image receiving film on the support member.
3. Lamine the image receiving film (in some cases).
4. Separate the support member of the image receiving film → Form an image receiving layer on the support member.
5. Wind a K transfer film.
6. Lamine K (in some cases).
7. Carry out laser recording based on K data.
8. Separate K → Transfer a part of an image forming layer for K onto the image receiving layer.
9. Wind an R (red) transfer film.
10. Lamine R (in some cases).
11. Carry out laser recording based on R data.
12. Separate R.
13. Wind a G transfer film.
14. Lamine G (in some cases).
15. Carry out laser recording based on G data.
16. Separate G.
17. Wind a B transfer film.
18. Lamine B (in some cases).
19. Carry out recording based on B data.
20. Separate B.



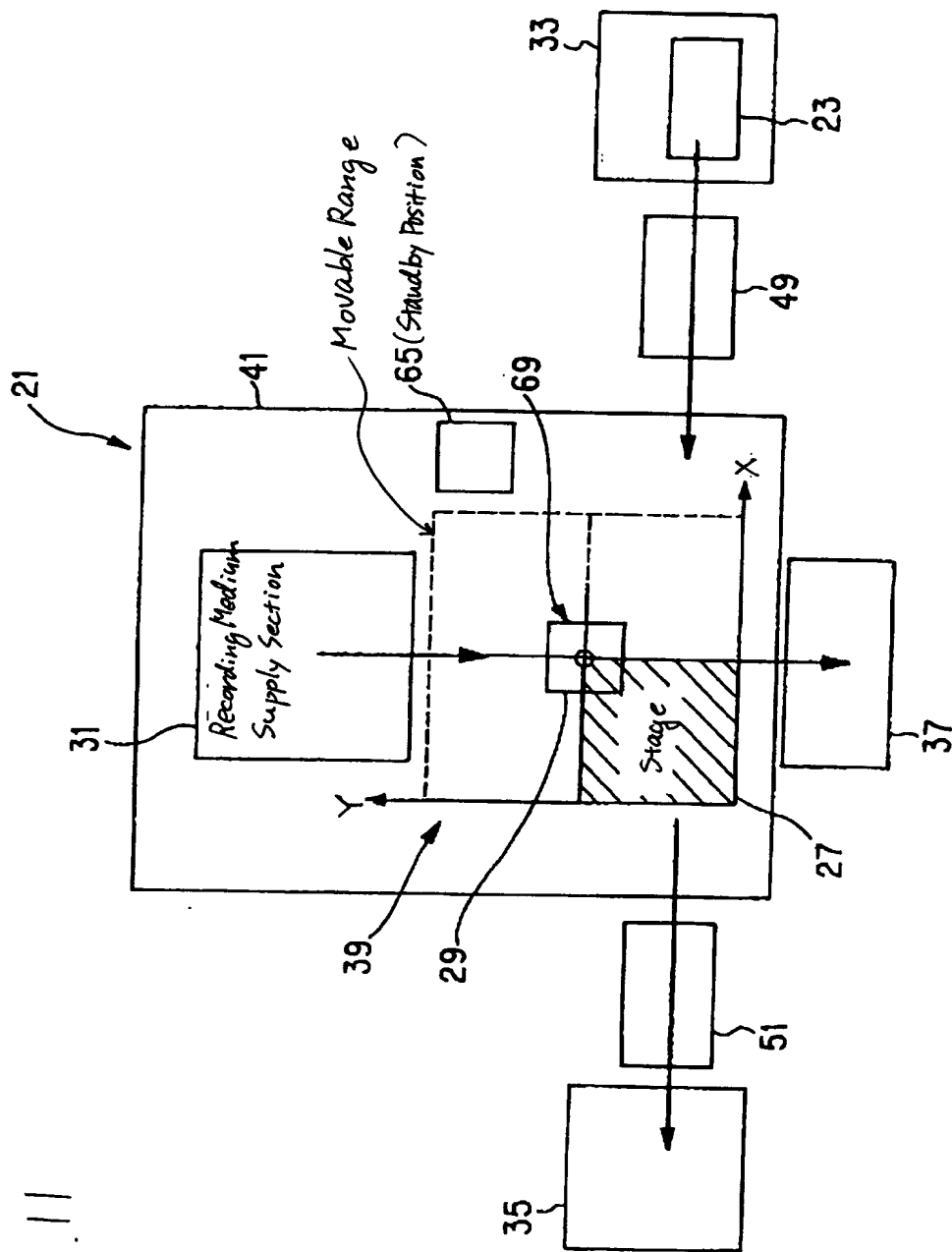


Fig. 12

